

## **MEMS Wafer-Level Test Challenges:**

### **Applications, Solutions and Future Visions**

Frank-Michael Werner  
*MEMUNITY*

(SUSS MicroTec Test Systems)

## **Outline**

1. Wafer-level MEMS test challenges
2. How to perform wafer-level test of...
  - Pressure Sensors
  - Acceleration & Yaw Rate Sensors
  - Micro-Bolometer
  - Si-Microphones
3. Future outlook ...



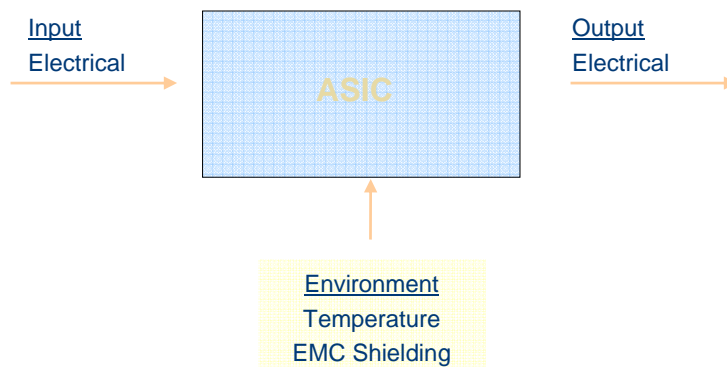
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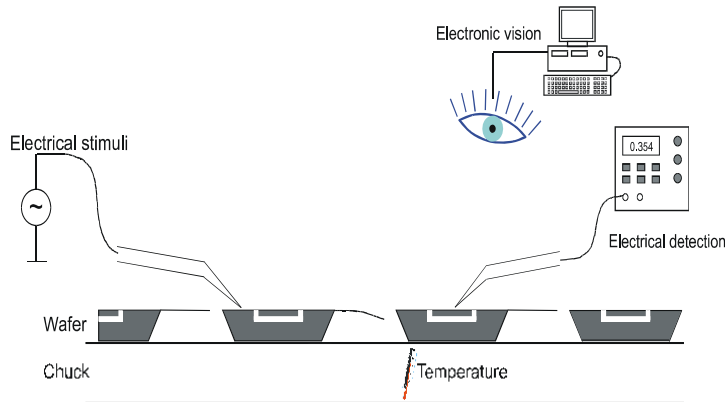


## IC On-Wafer Test

### Input, Output and Environment

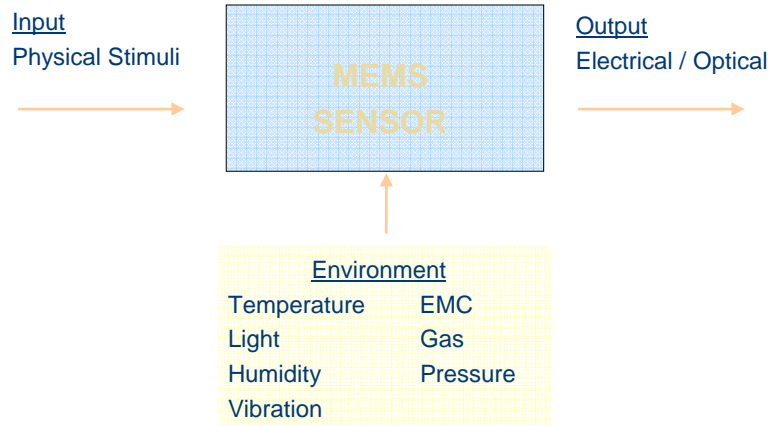


## Examples of Input & Output

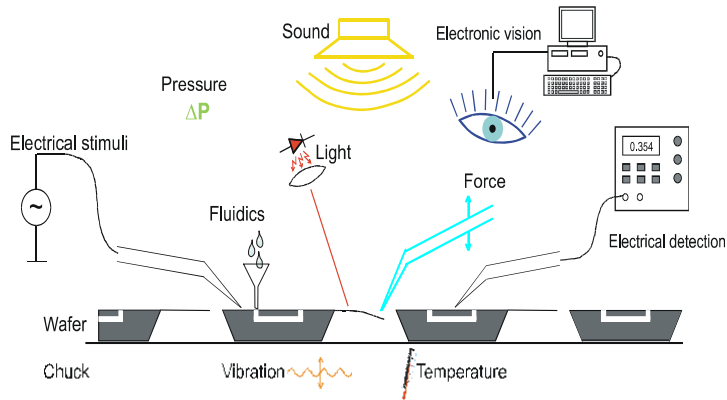


## MEMS On-Wafer Test

### Input, Output and Environment



## Examples of Input & Output



## Generic Platform

### **Open Platform**

- Acceleration, Jaw rate
- Cantilever, Mechanical Force
- Microphone
- Optical
- Biochemical sensors



### **Enclosed Platform**

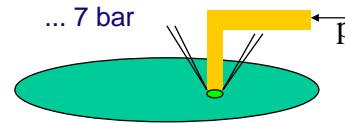
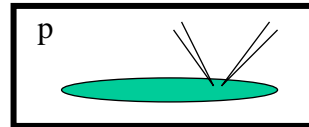
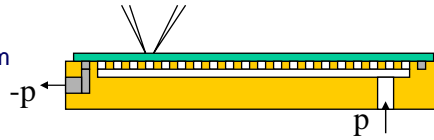
- Pressure
- Gases
- Humidity
- EMC, light and sound shielded



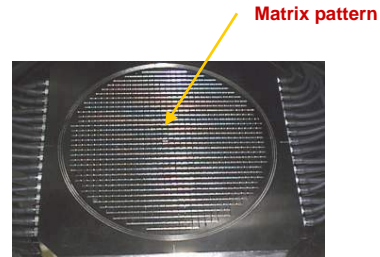
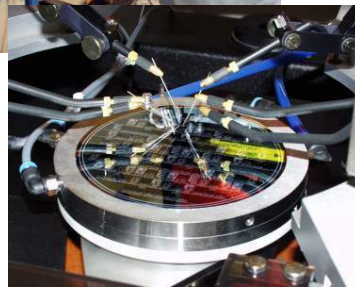
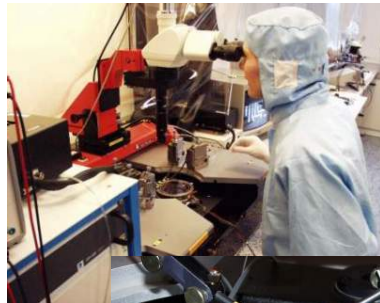


## Principles for Testing Pressure Sensors

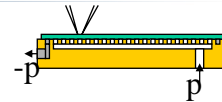
1. On pressure chuck
  - positive pressure range, vacuum
  - chuck pattern = wafer pattern
  - low-priced ratio
2. Inside pressure chamber
  - pressure range up to 50 bar
  - few limitations
  - expensive
3. Under impact pressure
  - very flexible, upgrade
  - absolute & differential sensors
  - good price-performance



## Pressure Chuck



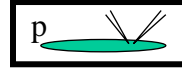
- Applies pressure from backside
- Pressure range:  
rough vacuum → low overpressure
- Can be used with all probes



## Semiautomatic Pressure Prober



### A Prober inside a high pressure chamber



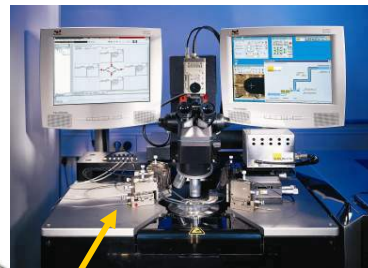
- Pressure range: rough vacuum → 50 bar
- Pressure regulation

#### Optional:

- Controlled temperature
- Non-aggressive gases
- Controlled humidity
- Acceleration chuck



## PressureProbe Module PPM



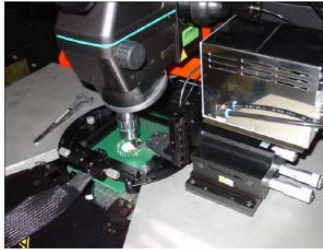
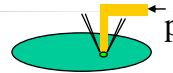
- Applies pressure from the topside
- Optional temperature control prevents cooling of sensor's diaphragm
- Can be used with manual, semi- and fully-automatic wafer probers



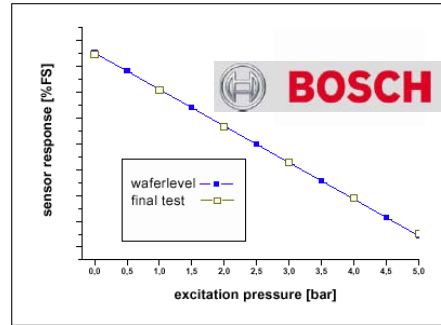
## Accuracy of test set-up

Correlation analysis with different sensor types:

- Wafer-level test with pressure excitation @ 25°C, different sensor types
- Dicing
- Assembly on reference material
- Final characterization @ 25°C

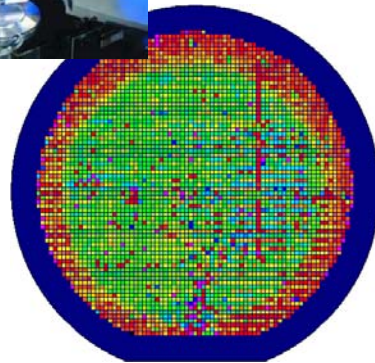
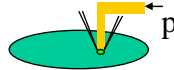


Specified accuracy of 1% shown @ 25°C



Source: Holger Ross, "Waferlevel- Test of Pressure Sensors using Süss Pressure Probe Module", MEMUNITY Workshop, March 2006

## Results from Testing



- Piezo-resistive differential pressure sensor (2,5bar)
  - Applying pressure by nozzle from above (SUSS Pressure Probe Module)
  - DUT within spec ■
  - DUT out of spec ■
- Electrical test result identifies a few bad dies

**The non-electrical test identifies the sensitivity problem in the edge areas.**

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## Acceleration & Yaw Rate Sensors Vacuum Prober

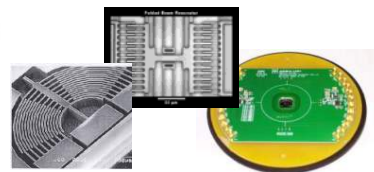


SUSS PMV150

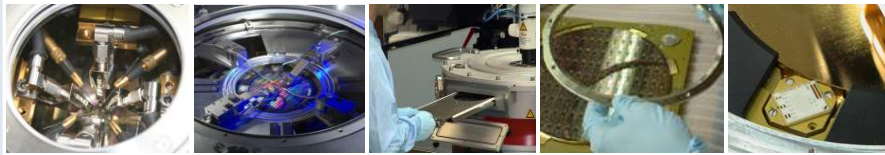
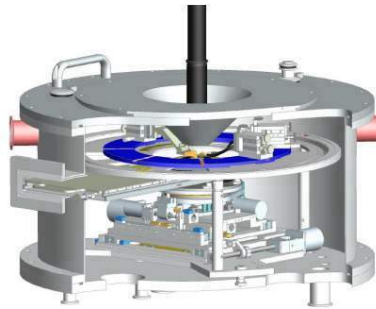


SUSS PAV200

- Test before hermetic packaging
- Manual and semiautomatic stations
- Probing in controlled inert gas or vacuum environment
- Pressure range: HV – ambient
- Pressure regulation
- Wafer size 150 mm / 200 mm
- Probe card with symmetric read-out electronics on-top
- DC or HF probes
- Thermal chuck  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  ...  $200^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Polytec's MSA / MSV



## Acceleration & Yaw Rate Sensors Vacuum Prober



SUSS MicroTec

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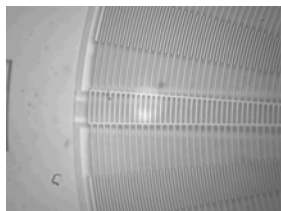
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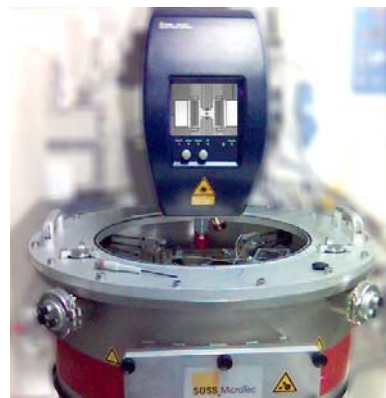
62,81 kHz



149,1 kHz



Combination of electrical and  
non-electrical measurements



SUSS MicroTec

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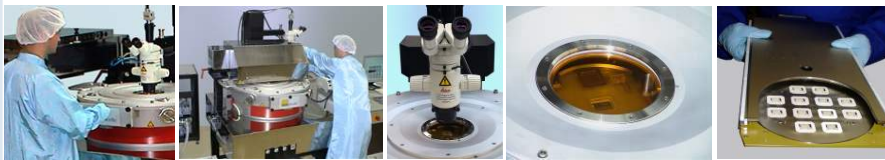
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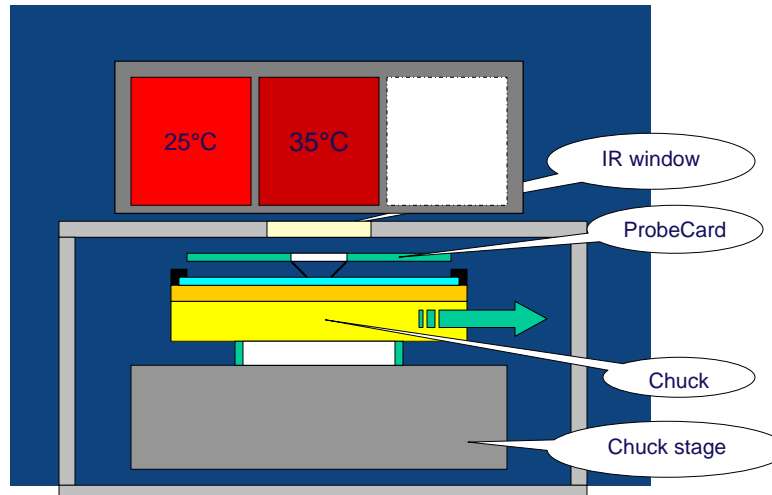
## Micro-Bolometer



- Testing in a vacuum environment to prevent heat transfer by convection
- Expose DUT with controlled wavelength 2 ... 18 $\mu$ m
- Video electronics close to probe tips
- Semiautomatic operation
- Typical high vacuum range: 10<sup>-3</sup> ... 10<sup>-4</sup> mbar
- 150mm 200mm wafer or substrates
- Single substrate carrier
- Automatic chip alignment
- IR radiation transmission window
- IR black-bodies, filter shutter, iris aperture



## Micro-Bolometer Test

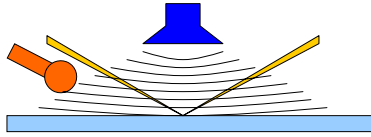


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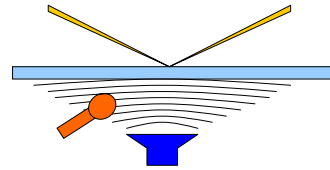
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## Si-Microphones

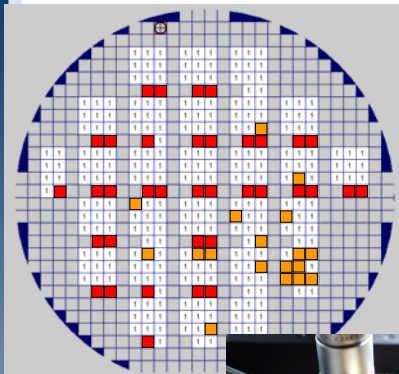


- Microphone's membrane and bond pads on wafer's top-side
- Sound source placed near DUT
- Reference microphone placed near DUT
- Application of reproducible, defined sound pressure



- Membrane on wafer's backside and bond pads on wafer's topside
- Needs double-side prober concept and follow-me mode
- Sound source and reference microphone close together

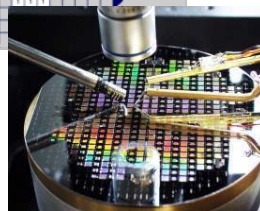
## Actual Results from Si-Microphone Testing



Top-side electrical and acoustical test with reference microphone

- Passed all tests – 251 dies
- Failed electrical test – 18 dies (6.7%)
- Passed electrical but failed acoustic test – 36 dies (13,4%)

**If only an electrical test was carried out, more than double of the bad devices would have been packaged!**



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## Future outlook

Are the available MEMS wafer-level test solutions...

- |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Complete ?</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Test solutions for most established MEMS devices</li><li>➤ Testing in ambient or extreme environments</li></ul>                                                                                                                           |
| <hr/>             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Flexible ?</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Achieve several setups with one system</li><li>➤ Provides both electrical and non-electrical stimulation and measurement</li></ul>                                                                                                        |
| <hr/>             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Modular ?</b>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Solutions for each step in the life of a MEMS device – from manual R&amp;D systems to fully-automated production floor systems</li><li>➤ Different measurement tools and instruments can be seamlessly integrated in one system</li></ul> |

## Future outlook



What comes next?

- New devices
  - Micro-fluidics
  - Bio-MEMS
  - ...
- New test strategies?
- New test approaches?
- ...

Test strategy

Test technique,  
~ technology

Test equipment,  
~ tools




*We would like to discuss  
this with you here.*



## Conclusion



- Wafer-Level MEMS test is a modern method to save manufacturing costs and time to market
- Modern MEMS tests use non electrical stimuli
- MEMS test setups are mostly unique but platforms are available
- MEMUNITY is an open community with other experts in MEMS test to help you find the solution you need
- →  supports you in developing your test strategy.

***Thank you!***



**Further information:**

<http://www.memunity.org>

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